

THE UNIVERSITY of NORTH CAROLINA at CHAPEL HILL

Presentation to the Board of Trustees

REPAIR AND RENOVATION
MARCH 27, 2013

Repair and Renovation (R&R) Funding

- In 1993, the North Carolina General Assembly instituted an R&R Reserve Fund Account (R&R Reserve), to fund repairs, renewal, and renovations to state-owned facilities. With this program, North Carolina asserted responsibility for preservation and maintenance of State supported capital assets
- The R&R Reserve program is an excellent use of state funds in that, in the long run, it protects state assets from deterioration and maximizes their life and utility

1995 - Categories of R&R

- (1) Roof repairs and replacements
- (2) Structural repairs
- (3) Repairs and renovations to meet federal and state standards
- (4) Electrical, Plumbing, and HVAC Repairs
- (5) ADA improvements
- (6) Fire Safety improvements
- (7) Energy Efficiency improvements
- (8) Removal of asbestos, lead paint, and other contaminants
- (9) Existing space improvements to increase functionality
- (10) Historical restoration
- (11) Roads, walks, drives and utilities improvements
- (12) Drainage and landscape improvements



R&R and Program Renovation Process

- Repair and Renovation funding (referred to as R&R) is provided by the General Assembly through an annual appropriation
- Major funding for program renovation, normally coupled with major system renewal, is appropriated by the General Assembly through the capital planning process
- Minor program renovation funding is provided by individual departments
- Repair and Major Program Renovation funding for Receipt Supported Buildings are funded by the Departments with receipts, debt, or gifts

R&R Fund Sources

- Annual State R&R Allocation \$4M \$27M
- Departmental Funds Including Gifts Varies
- Energy Performance Contracting Current Project \$20M
- RESPC Funds Small Energy Related Projects Varies
- F&A Funds for Research Buildings \$900K Annually
- Foundation Funds Varies
- Miscellaneous Funds Varies



UNC System R&R Allocation Policy

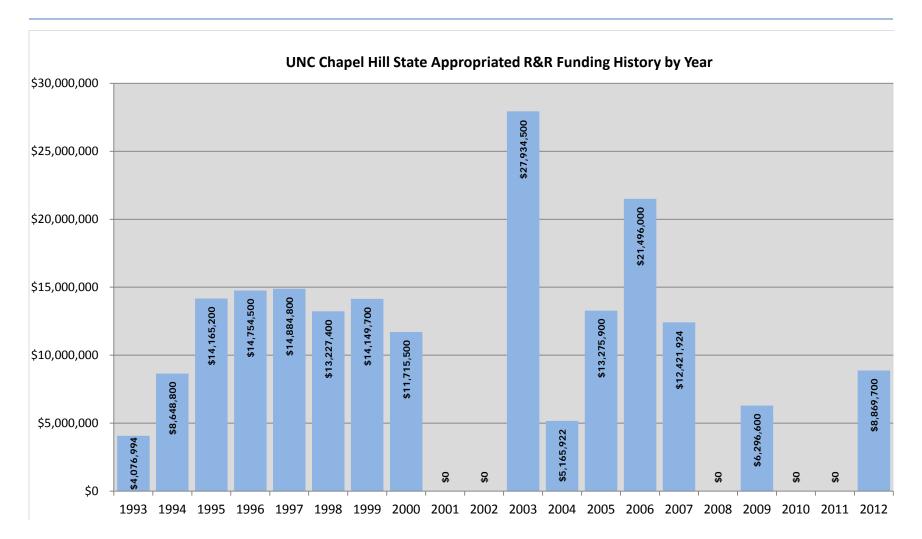
- 1994 UNC's Board of Governors adopted an allocation formula
- Campus Size = Weighted at 20%
 - Net assignable Square Feet of Campus Space
 - Gross Square Feet of Campus Space
 - Campus Population (Students + Employees)
- Mission = Weighted at 20% includes two variables
 - Net Assignable Square Fee to Laboratory Space
 - Number of Degree Programs
- Condition = Weighted at 60%, includes two variables
 - Current Replacement Value (CRV)
 - Facility Condition Assessment Program (FCAP) Deficiencies
- UNC-Chapel Hill Current Allocation is approx. 20% of the UNC System Total



Facilities Condition Assessment Program (FCAP)

- The UNC Chapel Hill FCAP was established in 1997
- Document and prioritize building systems deficiencies
- Prioritize Repair and Renovation projects for campus
- Provide input into the Capital Planning Process
- Develop reports for Campus and other Agencies

State Appropriated Repair and Renovation Funding History





University R&R Allocation Process

- Identify high priority needs
 - Life Safety deficiencies
 - Mission Critical systems
 - Operational and Life Cycle replacements
- Facilities Working Group review and approval
- Facilities Planning Committee review and approval
- Submission to GA for approval

Magnitude of Deficiency Backlog — State Supported Facilities

Current Backlog	\$697 Million
Architectural	\$141 Million
Electrical	\$54 Million
Mechanical	\$350 Million
Regulatory	\$102 Million
Infrastructure	\$50 Million

Capital Priorities

General Administration R&R Priority

- \$163M for 2013-14
- **\$163M for 2014-15**
 - UNC Chapel Hill allocation would be \$33.4M/Year

R&R Funding Need as % of Replacement Value

- Annual R&R Funding Rate @ 1.0% of CRV= \$40M
- Annual R&R Funding Rate @ 1.5% Of CRV= \$60M

Campus Six-Year Capital Plan Project Priority

- Law School \$153.2M
- Academic Buildings Phase I Renovation \$464.5M
- Psychology/Interdisciplinary Sciences \$196.7M

